

**University of Stuttgart** Germany

## Overview

- Depth estimation which is robust to extreme light conditions (i.e., low-light) and be able to utilize in static scenes
- Propose dense depth estimation only from event focal stack
- 3D representation of the event sequence triggered by focal sweep
- Own synthetic & real-captured dataset
- Our framework shows better accuracy and better robustness to the low-light conditions than image-based method

# Background

- Limitation of image-based method fails in extreme light conditions
- Event-based camera
- Event: records brightness changes asynchronously
- High temporal resolution, HDR



Events from focal sweep  $\rightarrow$  Dense depth map



[1] Henri Rebecq et al., "High Speed and High Dynamic Range Video with an Event Camera". TPAMI2019 [2] Maxim Maximov et al., "Focus on Defocus: Bridging the Synthetic to Real Domain Gap for Depth Estimation". CVPR2020

# **Dense Depth from Event Focal Stack**

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# **Proposed Method**

### Train on synthetic data, then finetune with real-captured data

The event camera equipped with a computer-controlled lens

U-Net like architecture event to video method<sup>[</sup>

#### Breathing correction with homography matrices





# Experimental Results

	<ul> <li>Result of synthe</li> </ul>	Result of synthetic data	
		Quantitative result	
ine-tuning	Method	MAE[1/m](↓)	
Loss	Focus on Defocus <sup>[2]</sup>	0.1606	
	Ours	0.0762	
<section-header><text><image/><image/></text></section-header>	<ul> <li>(i)</li> <li>(ii)</li> <li>(iii)</li> <li>(iiii)</li> <li>(iii)</li> <li>(i</li></ul>	Image-based	
derived from	<ul> <li>Result of real-car</li> </ul>	aptured data	
	<ul> <li>Office Lighting</li> <li>Event</li> <li>Intensity image</li> <li>Office Lighting</li> </ul>		
	Low Lighting ivent Intensity image		

Qualitative result



### RMSE[1/m](↓) 0.2027 0.1022



