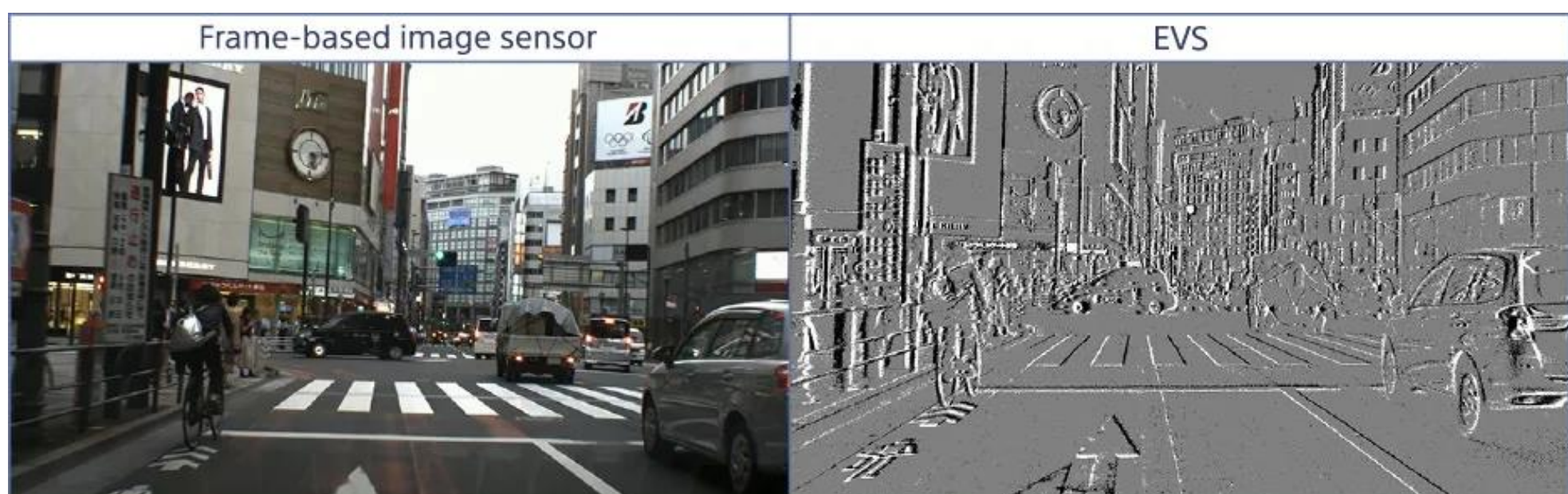


Overview

- Depth estimation which is **robust to extreme light conditions (i.e., low-light)** and **be able to utilize in static scenes**
- Propose dense depth estimation only from **event focal stack**
 - 3D representation of the event sequence triggered by focal sweep
- Own synthetic & real-captured dataset
- Our framework shows **better accuracy** and **better robustness to the low-light conditions** than image-based method

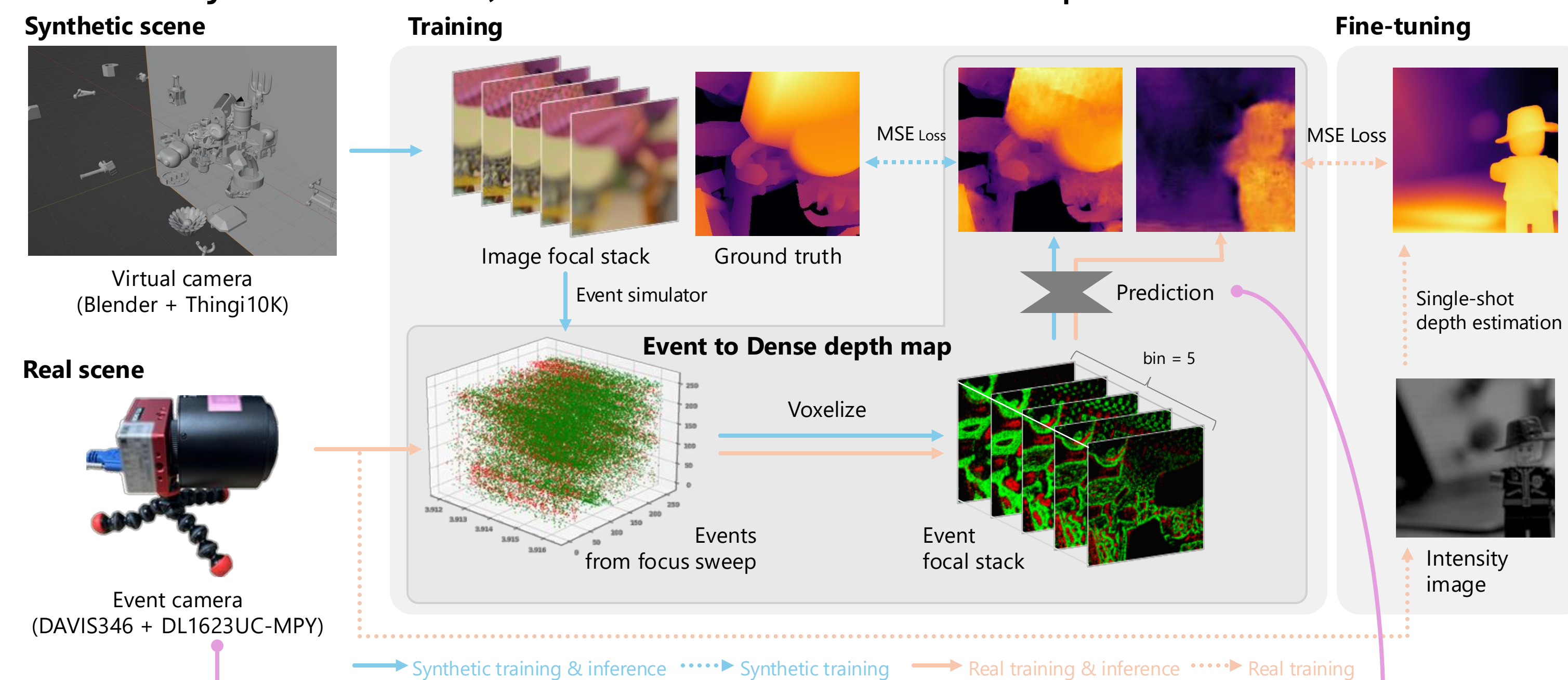
Background

- Limitation of image-based method
 - **fails in extreme light conditions**
- Event-based camera
 - Event: records brightness changes asynchronously
 - High temporal resolution, HDR



Proposed Method

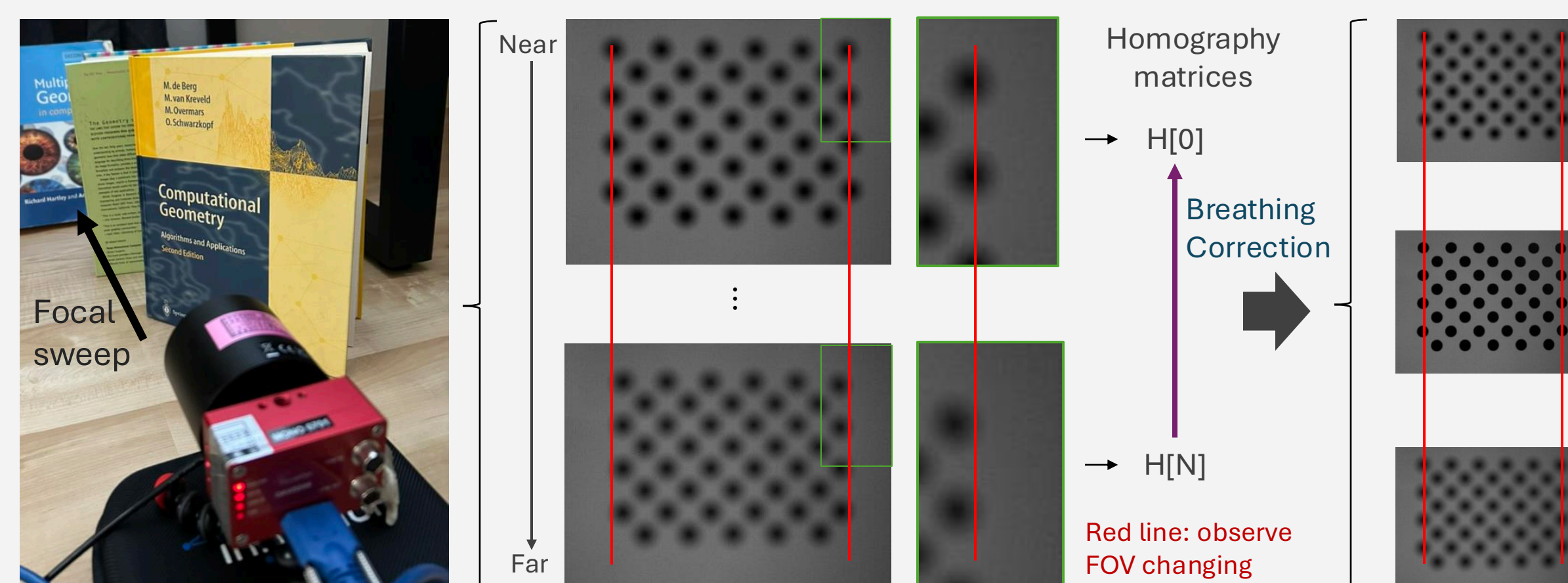
- Events from focal sweep → Dense depth map
- Train on synthetic data, then finetune with real-captured data



- The event camera equipped with a computer-controlled lens

U-Net like architecture derived from event to video method^[1]

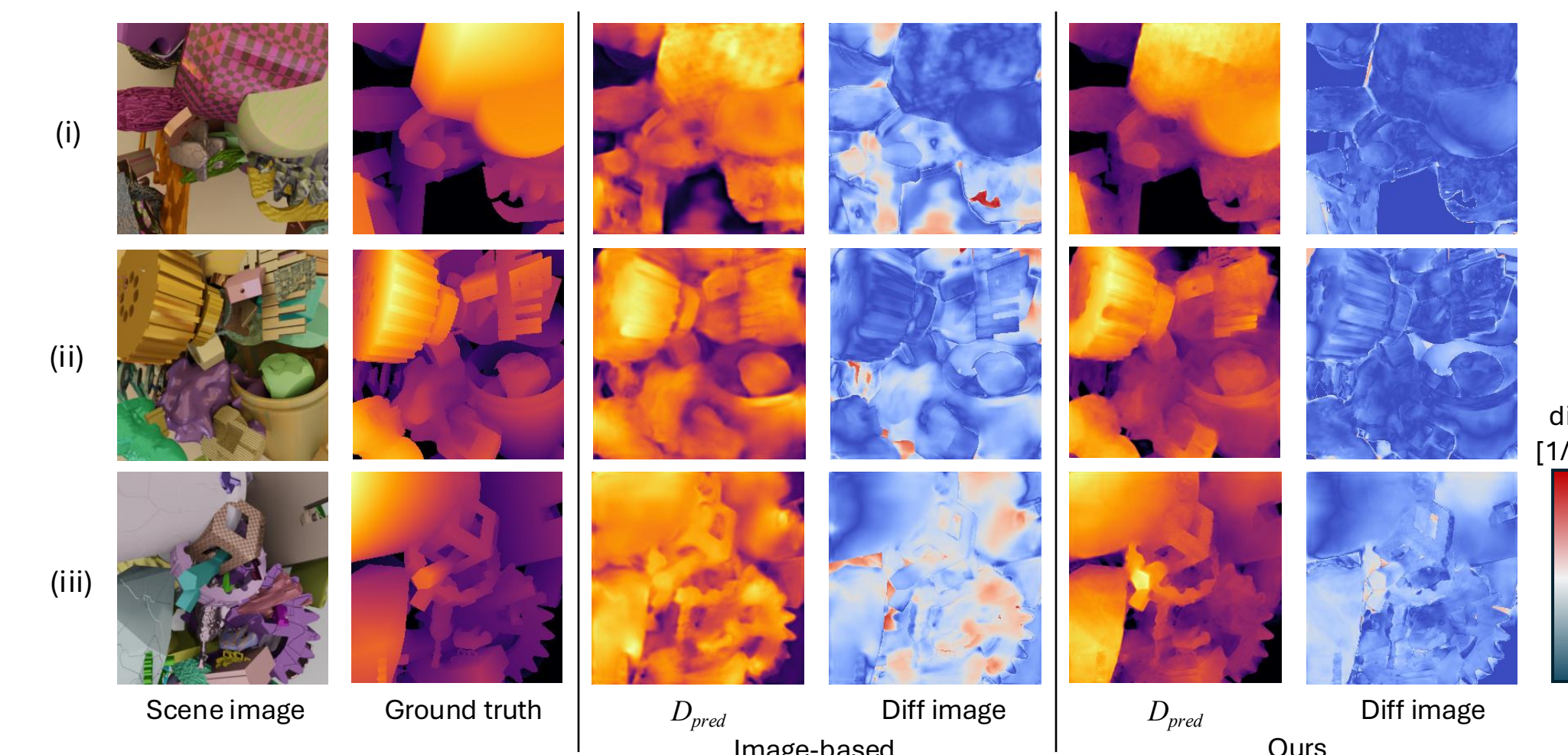
- Breathing correction with homography matrices



Experimental Results

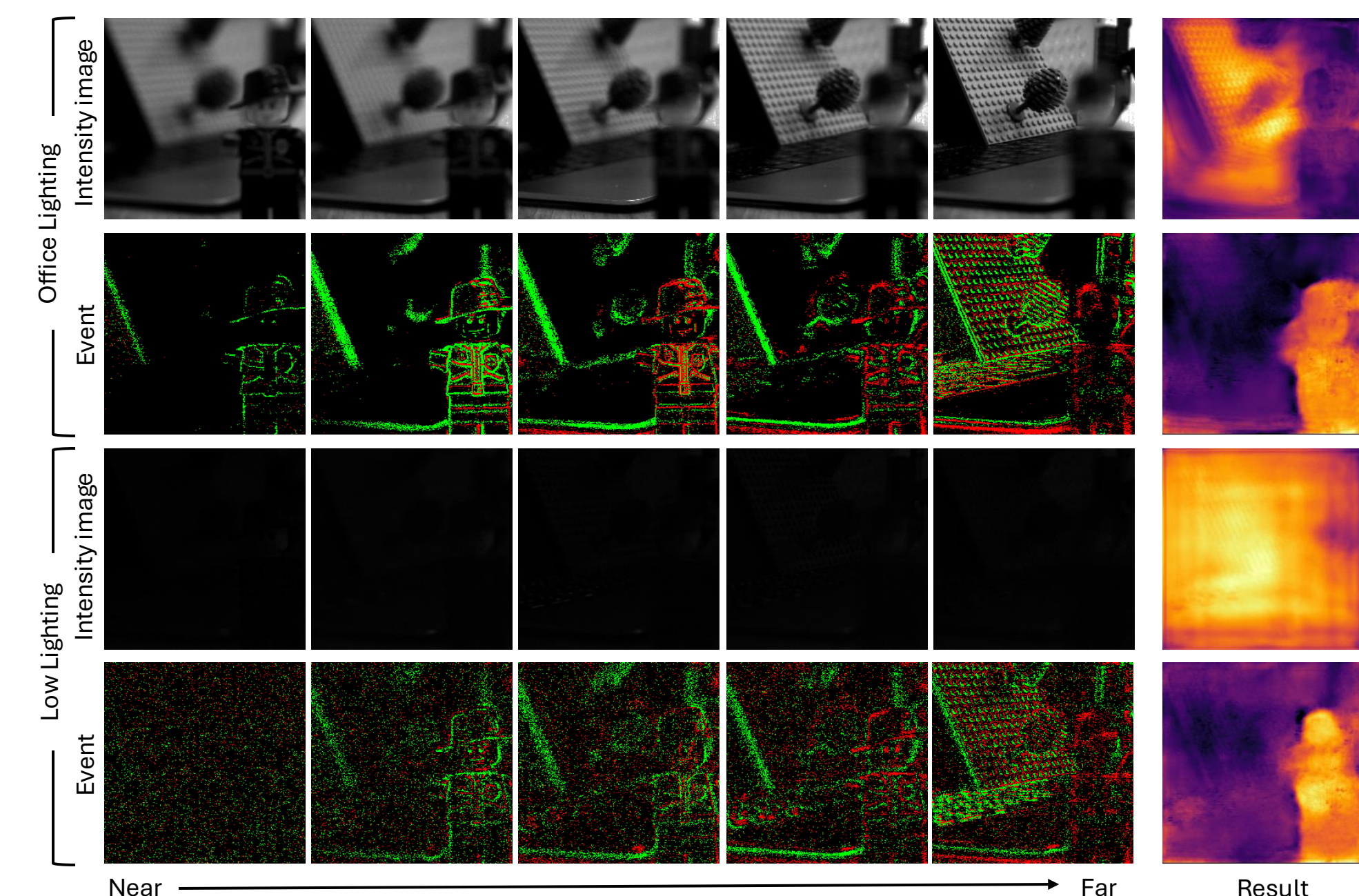
- Result of synthetic data

Method	Quantitative result	
	MAE[1/m](↓)	RMSE[1/m](↓)
Focus on Defocus ^[2]	0.1606	0.2027
Ours	0.0762	0.1022



Qualitative result

- Result of real-captured data



Qualitative result

[1] Henri Rebecq et al., "High Speed and High Dynamic Range Video with an Event Camera". TPAMI2019

[2] Maxim Maximov et al., "Focus on Defocus: Bridging the Synthetic to Real Domain Gap for Depth Estimation". CVPR2020